Package ‘calmate’

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Imports utils, MASS, R.methodsS3 (>= 1.5.2), R.oo (>= 1.15.8), matrixStats (>= 0.8.12), R.filesets (>= 2.3.0)

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Title CalMaTe - Improved allele-specific copy number of SNP arrays for downstream segmentation

Description A multi-array post-processing method of allele-specific copy-number estimates (ASCNs)

License LGPL (>= 2.1)

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A multi-array post-processing method of allele-specific copy-number estimates (ASCNs)

This package depends on a set of packages that are all available via CRAN. It has been tested and verified to run on all common operating systems on which R runs, including Linux, Windows and OSX.

To install this package, do `install.packages("calmate")`.

To process SNP and non-polymorphic signals, see `calmateByTotalAndFracB()`. If you are working solely with SNP signals, `calmateByThetaAB()` is also available, but we recommend the former.

For processing data in the aroma framework, see `CalMaTeCalibration`.

Please cite [1] when using CalMaTe.

LGPL (>= 2.1).

Maria Ortiz [aut, ctb], Ander Aramburu [ctb], Henrik Bengtsson [aut, cre, cph], Pierre Neuvial [aut, ctb], Angel Rubio [aut, ctb].

calmateByThetaAB.array

 Normalize allele-specific copy numbers (CA,CB)

Description

Normalize allele-specific copy numbers (CA,CB).

Usage

```r
## S3 method for class 'array'
calmateByThetaAB(data, references=NULL, ..., truncate=FALSE, refAvgFcn=NULL,
    flavor=c("v2", "v1"), verbose=FALSE)
```

Arguments

- `data`: An Jx2xI numeric array, where J is the number of SNPs, 2 is the number of alleles, and I is the number of samples.
- `references`: An index vector in [1,I] or a logical vector of length I specifying which samples are used when calculating the reference signals. If `NULL`, all samples are used. At least 3 samples.
- `...`: Additional arguments passed to the internal fit function `fitCalMaTeInternal`.
- `truncate`: If `TRUE`, final ASCNs are forced to be non-negative while preserving the total CNs.
- `refAvgFcn`: (optional) A function that takes a JxI numeric matrix an argument `na.rm` and returns a numeric vector of length J. It should calculate some type of average for each of the J rows, e.g. `rowMedians`. If specified, then the total copy numbers of the calibrated ASCNs are standardized toward (twice) the average of the total copy numbers of the calibrated reference ASCNs.
- `flavor`: A character string specifying which flavor of the CalMaTe algorithm to use for fitting the model.
- `verbose`: See `Verbose`.

Value

Returns an Jx2xI numeric array with the same dimension names as argument data.

Flavors

For backward compatibility, we try to keep all major versions of the CalMaTe algorithm available. Older versions can be used by specifying argument `flavor`. The default flavor is `v2`. For more information about the different flavors, see `fitCalMaTeInternal`.
References


See Also

To calibrate (total,fracB) data, see `calmateByTotalAndFracB()`. We strongly recommend to always work with (total,fracB) data instead of (CA,CB) data, because it is much more general.

For further information on the internal fit functions, see `fitCalMaTeInternal`.

Examples

```r
# Load example (thetaA,thetaB) signals
path <- system.file("exData", package="calmate");
theta <- loadObject("thetaAB,100x2x40.Rbin", path=path);

# Calculate (CA,CB)
thetaR <- matrixStats::rowMedians(theta[,"A"], theta[,"B"], na.rm=TRUE);
C <- 2*theta/thetaR;

# Calibrate (CA,CB) by CalMaTe
CC <- calmateByThetaAB(theta);

# Plot two "random" arrays
Clim <- c(0,4);
subplots(4, ncol=2, byrow=FALSE);
for (ii in c(1,5)) {
  sampleName <- dimnames(C)[[3]][ii];
  sampleLabel <- sprintf("Sample #%d ('%s')", ii, sampleName);
  plot(C[,ii], xlim=Clim, ylim=Clim);
  title(main=sampleLabel);
  plot(CC[,ii], xlim=Clim, ylim=Clim);
  title(main=sprintf("%s\ncalibrated", sampleLabel));
}
```

```
calmateByTotalAndFracB.array

Normalize allele-specific copy numbers (total,fracB)
```

Description

Normalize allele-specific copy numbers (total,fracB), where total is the total (non-polymorphic) signal and fracB is the allele B fraction. It is only loci with a non-missing (NA) fracB value that are considered to be SNPs and normalized by CalMaTe. The other loci are left untouched.
Usage

```r
## S3 method for class 'array'
calmateByTotalAndFracB(data, references=NULL, ..., refAvgFcn=NULL, verbose=FALSE)
```

Arguments

- `data`: An Jx2xI numeric array, where J is the number of loci, 2 is total and fracB (in that order, if unnamed), and I is the number of samples.
- `references`: A logical or numeric vector specifying which samples should be used as the reference set. By default, all samples are considered. If not NULL at least 3 samples.
- `...`: Additional arguments passed to `*calmateByThetaAB()`.
- `refAvgFcn`: (optional) A function that takes a JxI numeric matrix an argument `na.rm` and returns a numeric vector of length J. It should calculate some type of average for each of the J rows, e.g. `rowMedians`. If specified, then the total copy numbers of the calibrated ASCNs are standardized toward (twice) the average of the total copy numbers of the calibrated reference ASCNs.
- `verbose`: See `Verbose`.

Value

Returns an Jx2xI numeric array with the same dimension names as argument data.

References


See Also

To calibrate (thetaA,thetaB) or (CA,CB) signals, see `*calmateByThetaAB()`.

Examples

```r
# Load example (thetaA,thetaB) signals
path <- system.file("exData", package="calmate");
theta <- loadObject("thetaAB100x2x40.Rbin", path=path);

# Transform to (total,fracB) signals
data <- thetaAB2TotalAndFracB(theta);

# Calibrate (total,fracB) by CalMaTe
dataC <- calmateByTotalAndFracB(data);

# Calculate copy-number ratios
theta <- data[,"total",];
thetaR <- matrixStats::rowMedians(theta, na.rm=TRUE);
```
data[,"total",] <- 2*theta/thetaR;

# Plot two "random" arrays
Clim <- c(0,4);
Blim <- c(0,1);
subplots(4, ncol=2, byrow=FALSE);
for (ii in c(1,5)) {
  sampleName <- dimnames(data)[[3]][ii];
sampleLabel <- sprintf("Sample #%d ("%s")", ii, sampleName);
plot(data[,ii], xlim=Clim, ylim=Blim);
title(main=sampleLabel);
plot(dataC[,ii], xlim=Clim, ylim=Blim);
title(main=sprintf("%s\ncalibrated", sampleLabel));
}

# Assert that it also works with a single unit
dummy <- calmateByTotalAndFracB(data[1,,drop=FALSE]);
stopifnot(length(dim(dummy)) == 3);

---

CalMaTeCalibration  The CalMaTeCalibration class

Description

Package: calmate

Class CalMaTeCalibration

Object

~~|
~~++-ParametersInterface
~~+++|
~~+++++++CalMaTeCalibration

Directly known subclasses:

public static class CalMaTeCalibration
extends ParametersInterface

This class represents the CalMaTe method [1], which corrects for SNP effects in allele-specific copy-number estimates (ASCNs).

Usage

CalMaTeCalibration(data=NULL, tags="*", references=NULL, flavor=c("v2", "v1"), ...)
Arguments

data  A named list with data set named "total" and "fracB" where the former should be of class AromaUnitTotalCntBinarySet and the latter of class AromaUnitFracBCntBinarySet. The two data sets must be for the same chip type, have the same number of samples and the same sample names.

tags  Tags added to the output data sets.

references  An optional numeric vector specifying which samples should be as reference samples for estimating the model parameters. If NULL, all samples are used.

flavor  A character string specifying which flavor of the CalMaTe algorithm to use for fitting the model. See fitCalMaTeInternal for details.

... Additional arguments passed to calmateByTotalAndFracB().

Fields and Methods

Methods:

findUnitsTodo -
getDataSets -
getFullName -
getName -
getOutputDataSets -
getPath -
getReferences -
getRootPath -
getTags -
nbrOfFile -
process -
setTags -

Methods inherited from ParametersInterface:
getParameterSets, getParameters, getParametersAsString

Methods inherited from Object:
$, $<-, [], [[<-, as.character, attach, attachLocally, clearCache, clearLookupCache, clone, detach, equals, extend, finalize, gc, getEnvironment, getFieldModifier, getFieldModifiers, getFields, getInstantiationTime, getStaticInstance, hasField, hashCode, ll, load, objectSize, print, save, asThis

Reference samples

In order to estimate the calibration parameters, the model assumes that, for any given SNP, there are a majority of samples that are diploid at that SNP. Note that it does not have to be the same set of samples for all SNPs.

By using argument references, it is possible to specify which samples should be used when estimating the calibration parameters. This is useful when for instance there are several tumor samples with unknown properties as well as a set of normal samples that can be assumed to be diploid.
Theoretical, a minimum of three reference samples are needed in order for the model to be identifiable. If less, an error is thrown. However, in practice more reference samples should be used, that is, in the order of at least 6-10 reference samples with a diverse set of genotypes.

**Flavors**

For backward compatibility, we try to keep all major versions of the CalMaTe algorithm available. Older versions can be used by specifying argument `flavor`. For more information about the different flavors, see `fitCalMaTeInternal`.

**References**


**See Also**

Low-level versions of the CalMaTe method is available via the `calmateByThetaAB()` and `calmateByTotalAndFracB()` methods.

For further information on the internal fit functions, see `fitCalMaTeInternal`.

**Examples**

```R
## Not run:

# CRMAv2 - Preprocess raw Affymetrix data
library("aroma.affymetrix"); # Needed for CRMAv2
dataSet <- "Affymetrix_2006-TumorNormal"
chipType <- "Mapping250K_Nsp"
dsList <- doCRMAv2(dataSet, chipType=chipType, combineAlleles=FALSE, plm="RmaCnPlm", verbose=-10);
print(dsList);

# CalMaTe - Post-calibration of ASCNs estimates
asn <- CalMaTeCalibration(dsList);
print(asn);

# For speed issues, we will here only process loci on Chromosome 17.
chr <- 17;
ugp <- getAromaUgpFile(dsList$total);
units <- getUnitsOnChromosome(ugp, chr);

dsnList <- process(asn, units=units, verbose=verbose);
print(dsnList);
```
# Plot allele B fractions (before and after)

# Sample #1 and Chromosome 17

ii <- 1;

# Extract raw (TCN, BAF)

df <- getfile(dsList$total, ii);
dfR <- getAverageFile(dsList$total, verbose=verbose);
gamma <- extractRawCopyNumbers(df, logBase=NULL, chromosome=chr);
gammaR <- extractRawCopyNumbers(dfR, logBase=NULL, chromosome=chr);
gamma <- 2*divideBy(gamma, gammaR);
df <- getfile(dsList$fracB, ii);
beta <- extractRawAlleleBFractions(df, chromosome=chr);

# Extract calibrated (TCN, BAF)

dFN <- getfile(dsNList$fracB, ii);
betaN <- extractRawAlleleBFractions(dFN, chromosome=chr);
dFN <- getfile(dsNList$total, ii);
gammaN <- extractRawCopyNumbers(dFN, logBase=NULL, chromosome=chr);

# Plot

subplots(4, ncol=2, byrow=FALSE);
plot(beta);
title(sprintf("%s", getName(beta)));  
plot(gamma);
plot(betaN);
title(sprintf("%s (CalMaTe)", getName(betaN)));  
plot(gammaN);

## End(Not run)
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